

<b>Los Angeles County</b>	4,061 sq.mi. 2,344 persons / sq.mi.	<b>Median Age: 32.0</b>
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**Snapshot**

Los Angeles, the most populous county in California, is home to 76 miles of coast along the Pacific Ocean in Southern California and two islands--Santa Catalina and San Clemente.

In 2000, the median age was about less than a year older than California. One of every 10 people was 65 years or older, and one in 83 was 85 or older. More than one in 5 adults was 65+ or disabled.

**Workforce**

Unemployment was 5.7% (2001). There were estimated to be 15,539 direct care nursing staff needed in facilities (2000). The county has a public authority for IHSS. Average hourly wages (2001):

RN	HHA	Nurse Asst	IHSS	MSW	PT
\$27.12	\$9.34	\$9.50	\$6.75	\$19.84	\$32.67

**Medi-Cal**

In Los Angeles one in every 5 persons was Medi-Cal eligible. One in every 38 persons in the county was 65+ and a Medi-Cal recipient.

Los Angeles is one of 12 counties providing Medi-Cal managed care through the Two-Plan model, offering choice of health plans for families with children and others.

**Housing**

The median home price was \$222,396 (2001). Compared to California, housing vacancy rates in 2000 were higher for homeowners at 1.6% and lower for rentals at 3.3%.

Los Angeles had fewer households with individuals 65+ (17.2%) and 65+ living alone (7.1%) than California. Of those over 65, one in 3.0 was living alone (33.1%).

**Long Term Care: Special Programs**

LTC Innovation Grants: 12 COIL InfoVans for outreach through city & county AAAs; Antelope Valley Partnership Plan; In-Home Services program; LA Gay & Lesbian Community Center; LTC Strategic Planning Task Force; Planning for Partnership in Residential Care; Stay at Home project; Innerlinks--LTC Case Management for the Mentally Frail; and Secrets of 911 for Seniors.

PACE: Capitated services for seniors through AltaMed Senior BuenaCare.

LTCIPP: State grant funds received from DHS to plan a system which coordinates and integrates services to seniors and those with disabilities.

**Transportation**

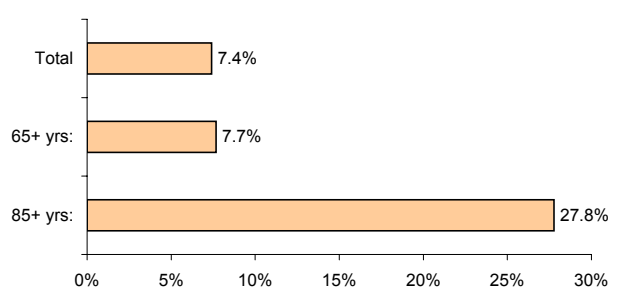
Reported transit services for people in the cities and county of Los Angeles: 1,482,398 passengers using special services vehicles; 133 vehicles operated peak hours and 198 middays during the week; 56 on Saturdays and 50 on Sundays (FY 99-00).

**Population Growth** (increase since 1990): **7.4%**      **65+ yrs: 7.7%**      **85+ yrs: 27.8%**

**Demographics**

Population	1990	%	2000	%	2010	%
	(US Census)		(US Census)		(DOF Projection)	
<b>Total Population</b>	8,863,164	100%	9,519,338	100%	10,604,452	100%
Over 60	1,176,531	13%	1,233,436	13%	1,625,969	15%
Disabled (21-64)	not available	not available	1,193,654	13%	not available	not available
Total 65+	860,587	10%	926,673	10%	1,115,818	11%
<b>Total Over 65 + Disabled (21-64)</b>	not available	not available	2,120,327	22%	not available	not available
Total 65-74	507,453	6%	492,833	5%	621,628	6%
Total 75-84	267,707	3%	324,693	3%	341,893	3%
Total 85+	85,427	1%	109,147	1%	152,297	1%

**Percent Population Growth 1990-2000**



Gender (2000) US Census	Total	65+	85+
Male	49.4%	4.0%	0.4%
Female	50.6%	5.7%	0.8%

Ethnicity (2000) US Census	Total	65+
<b>Total</b>	100%	10%
White*	31%	5.53%
Black or African American*	9%	0.93%
Hispanic or Latino	45%	2.04%
Asian	12%	1.29%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.2%	0.01%
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.3%	0.02%
Some Other Race	0.2%	0.01%
Multi-Racial (two or more)	2.3%	0.18%

\*Not of Hispanic or Latino Origin

Enrollment (2000)	Eligibles	% Tot Pop	Elig 65+	% 65+
Medi-Cal Recipients	1,965,047	19.8%	254,804	2.57%
SSI/SSP Recipients	357,472	3.6%	not available	not available
Dual Eligibles	271,880	2.7%	not available	not available

**Demographic Trends**

In the last decade, Los Angeles County's population grew at a slower pace than California, including those 65+ and 85+.

In 2000, Los Angeles had 69% non-Whites, while California had 53% non-Whites. Almost one of every 2 persons was Latino/Hispanic; one in 8 was Asian; one in 11 was Black/African American; and one in every 43 persons was multi-racial. Looking at age and ethnicity: one in 18 persons was 65+/White; one in 49 was 65+/Hispanic/Latino; one in 78 was 65+/Asian; and one in 108 was 65+/Black/African American.

The median household income was \$5,300 less than California's with more people living in poverty--more than one in 5, including many seniors.

**Persons under Poverty Level: 17.9%**      **65+ yrs: 11.1%**      **Median Household Income: \$42,189**

NOTE: Data on Page 2 are from statewide sources only. Data may not include all funding sources. See notes on Data Sources.

SERVICES	ANNUAL INFORMATION		
Home and Community Based Services (County Level Data)	Providers or Sites	Serving	Expense / Allocation
<b>Adult Day Services (ADS)</b>			
Adult Day Health Care (ADHC) Providers	113	10,086	\$97,464,465
Adult Day Care (ADC) / Adult Day Support Centers (ADSC)	48	1,564	not available
<b>Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP)</b>	7	3,608	\$10,512,983
<b>In-Home Services</b>			
Home Health Agencies (HHAs)	331	155,048	not available
In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)	83,244	114,019	\$554,045,117
<b>Adult Protective Services (APS)</b>	1	2,826	\$18,139,280
<b>Independent Living Centers (ILCs)</b>	7	7,678	\$3,265,809

County Level Data Not Available			
<b>Caregiver Resource Centers (CRCs)</b>	1	1,692	\$1,872,058
The Los Angeles Caregiver Resource Center provides services only to Los Angeles County.			

PSA 19 & 25 - Multi-AAA (County Level Data Not Available)			
<b>Area Agencies on Aging</b>			
\$9.0M (State) + \$25.5M (Fed) = \$34.5M			
Includes \$1.2M Info & Assistance, \$3.1M Case Mngmt, \$5.2M Fed Caregiver Support Prgm			
Serving: Los Angeles County (19) and City of Los Angeles (25)			
The AAA serves as an access point for persons needing information or services for elders, persons with disabilities, and their families or caregivers. The agency provides advocacy, information and assistance, local planning, funding allocations, and monitoring of services. The following may not represent all the AAA's local programs, services or expenditures:			
<b>Nutrition</b>			
Brown Bag	0	0	\$0
Home Delivered Meals	not available	8,913	\$6,956,442
Congregate Meals	not available	21,912	\$9,462,547
<b>Assistance / Counseling / Advocacy</b>			
Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Programs (HICAP)	1	13,484	\$929,668
Ombudsman	6	3,232	\$1,417,927
<b>Care Coordination</b>			
Linkages	2	425/258	\$1,164,726
<b>Specialized Care</b>			
Alzheimer's Day Care Resource Centers (ADCRCs)	10	209	\$827,434
<b>Senior Service Corps</b>			
Foster Grandparents (number of senior volunteers)	not available	0/12	\$49,786
Senior Companions (number of senior volunteers)	not available	0/15	\$63,974

Facility Based Services (County Level Data)	Providers	Serving	Expense / Allocation
Freestanding Nursing Facility (NFs)	384	32,430	\$812,198,232
Hospital-Based Nursing Facility (NFs)	57	1,963	\$138,285,641
Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly (RCFEs)	1,312	31,711	not available

County Comparisons	
How does your county rank on these indicators - in the highest, middle, or lowest third of all counties in the state?	
Indicator	Rank
Total Population	1
% Medi-Cal Recipients 65+	4
% Medi-Cal Recipients	8
% Age 21-64 Disabled	13
ADS Providers/1,000	13
IHSS Providers/1,000	14
Total NF Patients/1,000	17
% Persons < Poverty	18
% 65+ < Poverty	18
HHA Providers/1,000	19
% SSI / SSP Recipients	20
% Dual Eligibles	21
RCFE Beds/1,000	24
Median Household Income	25
% Vacancy - houses	27
% Unemployment Rate	33
% Vacancy - rentals	38
65+ Pop Growth (1990-2000)	43
Median Age	44
% Population 85+	45
Tot Pop Growth (1990-2000)	47
% Population 65+	48
% 65+ and Live Alone	51
85+ Pop Growth (1990-2000)	53
Note: Rankings are out of 58 counties, where 1 represents the highest number and 58 represents the lowest number	

Highest Third (1-19)

Middle Third (20-39)

Lowest Third (40-58)

Emerging Long Term Care Issues	
~ More than one in 5 adults was 65+ or disabled.	~ Few seniors 65+ lived alone; housing was available.
~ Many seniors, and others, were on Medi-Cal and living in poverty.	~ Young, diverse population, but did not grow rapidly.
~ Many younger adults were disabled.	~ IHSS, NF, adult day services and home health were more available than RCFEs.
~ Few seniors 65+ and 85+; senior population reflects diversity but didn't grow much.	

